



Transaction Id : 49815 Collection Date : 26/12/2021 09:39  
 Patient Name : Miss. Palak Reporting Date : 26/12/2021 14:28  
 Relation : SELF. Age/Sex : 21Y/Female  
 Ref. By : Dr Rajni Kant, MBBS Cont. No : 6731818767

Investigation Desired: MP, WIDAL, TC-DC

Test Done	Result	UNIT	Normal Value

### HAEMATOLOGY

#### TLC/ DLC OF WBC

TOTAL W.B.C. COUNT	9,500	Cells/cumm	4,000 - 11,000
Differential Count of WBC			
Polymorphs Neutrophil	↑ 82	%	45 - 65
Lymphocytes	↓ 15	%	25 - 35
Eosinophils	02	%	2 - 6
Monocytes	01	%	3 - 5
Basophil	00	%	0 - 1
Malarial Parasites (PBS)	Malarial parasite are not seen in this smear.		

\* To be Conferm with Antigen test

\* Corelate Clinically

Continue On Page - 2

सर्वे सन्तु निरामया:



599873894

Sample Coll. Date : 26/12/2021 09:35

Report Release Date : 26/12/2021 14:28

Col. Center : Rajpatho

Patient Id : 49815



Thanks for Referral

Patient Care : 7546000995, Only 9709929222

Dr. Jitendra Prasad  
MD Microbiologist

Dr. Bikash Kumar  
Consultant Pathologist  
M.B.B.S., MD(Patho)

Visit us at : [www.care-diagnostic.com](http://www.care-diagnostic.com)  
e-mail : [info@care-diagnostics.com](mailto:info@care-diagnostics.com)



Transaction Id : 49815  
 Patient Name : Miss. Palak  
 Relation : SELF.  
 Ref. By : Dr Rajni Kant, MBBS  
 Collection Date : 26/12/2021 09:39  
 Reporting Date : 26/12/2021 14:28  
 Age/Sex : 21Y/Female  
 Cont. No : 6731818767

Investigation Desired: MP, WIDAL, TC-DC

Test Done	Result	UNIT	Normal Value

### SEROLOGY

#### WIDAL TEST(Slide Method)

WIDAL TEST	NEGATIVE		
S. TYPHI 'O'	No Agglutination		
S. TYPHI 'H'	No Agglutination		
S. PARATYPHI 'AH'	No Agglutination		
S. PARATYPHI 'BH'	No Agglutination		

\*\*A single widal test(Positive or Negative) has get little significance. A rising titre of 4 fold or more at an interval of 7 - 10 days, is highly suggestive of salmonellosis.

The Widal test is a presumptive serological test for enteric fever or undulant fever whereby bacteria causing typhoid fever are mixed with serum containing specific antibodies obtained from an infected individual. In case of Salmonella infections, it is a demonstration of the presence of O-soma false-positive result. Test results need to be interpreted carefully in the light of past history of enteric fever, typhoid vaccination, and the general level of antibodies in the populations in endemic areas of the world. Typhidot is the other test used to ascertain the diagnosis of typhoid fever. As with all serological tests, the rise in antibody levels needed to perform the diagnosis takes 7-14 days, which limits its applicability in early diagnosis. Other means of diagnosing Salmonella typhi (and paratyphi) include cultures of blood, urine and faeces. These organisms produce H2S from thiosulfate and can be easily identified on differential media such as Bismuth sulfite agar.

Often 2-mercaptoethanol is added to the Widal test. This agent more easily denatures the IgM class of antibodies, so if a decrease in the titer is seen after using this agent, it means that the contribution of IgM has been removed leaving the IgG component. This differentiation of antibody classes is important; as it allows for the distinction of a recent (IgM) from an old infection (IgG).

The Widal test is positive if TO antigen titer is more than 1:160 in an active infection, or if TH antigen titer is more than 1:160 in past infection or in immunized persons. A single Widal test is of little clinical relevance due to the number of cross reacting infections, including malaria. If no other tests (either bacteriologic culture or more specific serology) are available, a fourfold increase in the titer (e.g., from 1:40 to 1:160) in the course of the infection, or a conversion from an IgM reaction to an IgG reaction of at least the same titer, would be consistent with a typhoid infection.



599873894

Sample Coll. Date : 26/12/2021 09:35

Report Release Date : 26/12/2021 14:28

Col. Center : Rajpatho

Patient Id : 49815



Thanks for Referral

Patient Care : 7546000995, Only 9709929222

Dr. Jitendra Prasad  
MD Microbiologist

Dr. Bikash Kumar  
Consultant Pathologist  
M.B.B.S., MD(Patho)

Visit us at : [www.care-diagnostic.com](http://www.care-diagnostic.com)  
e-mail : [info@care-diagnostics.com](mailto:info@care-diagnostics.com)